Introducing Fedora 11 (Leonidas)

Fedora 11 (Leonidas), just like every version of Fedora, is a complete, robust, fully-functional operating system, released by the Fedora Project.

The Fedora Project maintains each version of Fedora with updates and security fixes for approximately 13 months, and offers a wide variety of community-led support resources.

A Few Quick Facts...

- Fedora 11 is released 6 months and 1 day after Fedora 10, which fits well into the Fedora Project’s goal of having two releases per year.
- A variety of statistics about Fedora installs, community size, etc. are available at:

  http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Statistics

- This release features the all-new OpenOffice.org 3.1 and GNOME 2.26.1, for maximum desktop productivity and ease of use. It also includes technical advances like a simplified volume control, the ability to automatically detect and install fonts and other content types, an even faster startup time than Fedora 10, virtualization improvements, cross-compiling support for developers to build applications for Windows, better support for international users, and support for more hardware than any other operating system. For more information, refer to:

  http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Features

- The features found in this release are developed by the Fedora community through active collaboration with upstream free software communities. That is why they’re often found in other Linux distributions as well. The Fedora community does more than apply polish; it works directly on the pieces of open source that have a direct effect on making things work better for everyone. Fedora continues to be the vanguard in advancing and integrating free software worldwide.

If you have any further questions, please contact:

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Your New Live USB Key

Enclosed is a Fedora 11 (Leonidas) Preview Release Live USB key. The final release of Fedora 11 is scheduled for Tuesday, May 26. The Preview Release is made during Fedora 11’s stabilization phase, so it may still contain a few bugs that will be fixed in the final release.

Turn this sheet over for more important information about your Live USB key!

Using Your Live USB Key

- The Live USB key is a fully bootable Fedora system, meaning that all data will be taken from the USB key. Your hard disk will not be touched at all.

- When you boot, you will probably have to hit F12 (or the key that your system uses to select a boot device) and select the USB key. Otherwise your computer may start whatever operating system is installed on the hard disk. Most computers made in the last several years can boot from a USB device, but if you have any problems, please let us know.

- Your USB key includes a persistency feature, meaning that any changes you make to the package set, document creation, web browsing history, etc. are saved to the USB key across reboots. This means that you can upgrade your Live USB key to the final version of Fedora 11 and beyond.*

(*See reverse for details.)
More About Your Live USB Key

Your Fedora 11 (Leonidas) USB key is designed to boot on most Intel or AMD compatible personal computers, including 32- and 64-bit processors.

This key cannot be booted on a PowerPC based computer such as an older Apple Macintosh system.

If you have problems...

- The Fedora Project maintains a listing of known problems on its public wiki:
  
  http://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Common_F11_bugs

- Also, take a look at the official release notes for additional information:
  
  http://docs.fedoraproject.org/release-notes

- Fedora continues to lead in advanced hardware support. Some very specific types of video hardware may exhibit issues when displaying the graphical user interface (GUI) after booting. If you experience such a problem, try the following:
  1. Power the computer off and then on.
  2. Hit any key to interrupt the startup.
  3. Hit `Tab` to edit the boot parameters.
  4. Add `nomodeset` to the end of the line.
  5. Hit `Enter` to continue booting.

Other special boot parameters may be of interest:

- `nouveau.modeset=1` (turns on kernel modesetting for Nvidia using the open source Nouveau driver)
- `acpi=off pci=noapic` (may help in booting odd or old hardware)

Other workarounds are available. If you need further help, you may wish to visit the community help forums at fedoraforum.org.

(Note that this site is provided by the community and is not owned or operated by the Fedora Project or Red Hat.)

The Presto feature

Your Fedora 11 Live USB key includes the new Presto feature, which greatly reduces the size of update downloads. In many cases, Fedora 11 updates will be 75-90% smaller and thus significantly faster. Presto uses DeltaRPM packages, which contain changes between the previous and new versions.

For more information, refer to:

  http://tinyurl.com/f11-presto

Did you know?

- The Live USB key in its current state premiered in Fedora 9. It provided many advances, including a persistence feature that lets the system change to be what you need it to be.

- In Fedora 10, the Live USB feature gained support for a separate user data area (called `/home` to Linux fans) so that you could update the entire key while still keeping all your data safe.

- Fedora also created the Live USB's encryption capability, putting strong, reliable security within reach for everyone. If you lose an encrypted Live USB, it doesn't mean your personal data is compromised.

- We even created a point and click Windows program, the Live USB Creator, that lets Windows users download a Fedora Live image and write it to a USB key. Now the freedom and security of open source are within reach for everyone.

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